

Brand Identity in a Consumer-Driven World

Branding strategies evolve to meet new marketplace demands.

rands are up against new barriers as the control of what product gets prescribed and filled shifts from the physician to the payer and, even more importantly, to the patient. As healthcare consumers claim more and more power over their healthcare and treatment decisions and physician control over brand choice declines, the industry must begin to connect the dots between brand identity and consumer preferences.

"Consumers are acquiring more information from a larger number of resources than ever before, and in very simple terms, if they don't believe it, they won't buy it," says Marc Sirockman, executive VP and general manager at Artcraft Health.

Increasingly, a brand is what customers decide it is rather than what the company might plan to present, says Daryl Travis, CEO of Brandtrust.

"Companies have to face the ever-growing reality that customers have a powerful voice through social media," he says. "Social media, online, and mobile digital technologies have forever shifted the balance of power into the customer's hands.

"We're undergoing a profound shift in the

nature of the relationship between brands and their customers," Mr. Travis continues. "Customers now have a co-creational role in identifying, defining, and positioning the brand. Brands that disappoint will undoubtedly suffer the same fate as when their customers' unfriend their Facebook friends."

Given the new reality where corporate brand image drives pharmaceutical brand recommendation behaviors by both professionals and patients, marketers need to recognize that the drivers of reputation and relationship, including innovation, trust, governance, leadership, and social responsibility, all need to be areas companies invest in to boost product recommendation behaviors and gain brand loyalty, says Camille DeSantis, co-founder and chief of strategy of Guard Dog Brand Development.

"We are in a new reality in pharma, one in which physicians, allied healthcare professionals, and patients buy and recommend products based primarily on their trust, admiration, and appreciation for the companies that stand behind them," she says.

There has historically been skepticism around the concept that there is a direct correlation between professional and patient recommendation behaviors and the quality of the

corporate brand image, but it has been proven to be true globally. In fact, Guard Dog recently conducted a study in oncology, a market in which product data have been considered the primary driver of recommendation behavior, that has proven that corporate brand image is a primary driver of product choice in cases where products are similar.

Robin Robinson

According to Ms. DeSantis, the study demonstrated that 64% of an oncology company's reputation is driven by things other than products and services and innovation.

In fact, when products and services between companies are similar, other factors take on greater significance in driving choice.

"Our study posed a hypothetical situation in which multiple pharmaceutical companies developed a similar oncology product for the same indication," she says. "All things about the product being identical, including the price, we asked which company's product would the oncologists recommend. The companies with the best company brand images scored highest, proving that company image alone would have a significant impact on recommendation behaviors."

Additional independent studies have also proven that a mere 5% improvement in the

11 The days of generic messaging are gone; custom educational communications with engaging and approachable content and design are the future. **33**

MARC SIROCKMAN / Artcraft Health

strength of the company's brand image and reputation could be expected to produce, on average, a 1.5% uplift in the share price over the year, translating to about a \$550 million increase in market capitalization.

"Thus, any pharmaceutical company that wants to succeed and sustain a healthy, long-term competitive advantage, create differentiation in the short term, and insulate itself from weather storms of clinical disappointment, which invariably occur in pharma, would want to invest in corporate brand identity development that includes all drivers of reputation and relationship," Ms. DeSantis says.

sage from the brand is most likely about how it can fix the patient's problem or provide a diagnosis to make things better," Mr. Schrimpf says. "The patient may not perceive this as an endearing motive on the part of the brand. It is best to create the relationship be-



Evolving Brand Strategies

Brand reputation and brand loyalty — important factors in brand decision making — can be built through pre-diagnosis relationships with the consumer. Instead of creating messaging around how the product addresses the disease or diagnosis, brands need to start building relationships long before diagnosis occurs.

"In today's marketplace, corporate branding plays a bigger role in building consumer relationships," says Paul Schrimpf, associate partner in the healthcare practice at Prophet. "Looking beyond disease states means brands need to be building awareness and relationships well before and long after a condition emerges."

For example, the Novo Nordisk cycling team (see sidebar) and the publicity from its events establishes such a relationship with consumers who are yet to be on the treatment.

According to Mr. Schrimpf, brands that "meet" their consumers long before they need the product are on the path to successful branding. Traditionally, drugmakers become involved in a patient's life after a diagnosis has been made. This is a time when a patient is not feeling well physically or emotionally, and it's a tough time to be breaking the ice.

"At this point in a patient's life, the mes-





fore the consumer is in a negative emotional state."

For example, Pfizer created Get Old, which was relaunched this summer, to foster candid conversations about aging, redefine what it means to "get old," and encourage individuals to adopt healthy behaviors behaviors that help prevent chronic diseases, which are on the rise. According to Sally Susman, executive VP, corporate affairs, at Pfizer, helping people Get Old and age well is both Pfizer's business and societal responsibility. The Get Old program is also supported by a number of nonprofit organizations and patient groups that collaborate with the pharma company.

"From a branding perspective, we felt it was important to brand the program Get Old to be direct in the way we talk about aging and to not sugarcoat a serious and important issue," Ms. Susman says. "We also wanted the stopping power of a name that was unexpected to engage our audiences."

Pfizer is also using new digital platforms and innovative tools to help people manage their overall health as they get older.

Genentech has taken a different approach to connecting with consumers by getting a better understanding of patients' real-world experiences through a partnership with patients-likeme.com. The agreement between Genentech and patientslikeme.com is the first broad research collaboration of its kind and its aim is to study patients' experience with disease and treatment.

Efforts like these enable a brand to be viewed as more welcoming once a condition is uncovered, which is often a highly emotional time in a consumer's life, Mr. Schrimpf says.



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CAMILLE DESANTISGuard Dog Brand Development

Hospitals are already creating a relationship with its community before, after, and during patient care, he notes. For example, Mayo Clinic continually publishes new research findings, which keeps it in the press and frontof-mind with the public, and more importantly, with healthcare professionals. Mayo Clinic also contributes content regarding preventive health to channels such as CNN Health, and through its Mayo Clinic Family Health Book. Such efforts position Mayo Clinic as a resource and an expert with consumers before they even become patients. Maintaining relationships with patients after they no longer have the condition is as important as during their visit, because they can become advocates post-care, Mr. Schrimpf says.

Companies that truly understand the role that medication, therapies, and services play in the lives of consumers know that positioning healthcare brands is vastly different from positioning consumer goods, says Vince Parry, president and chief branding officer of Parry Branding Group.

With consumer goods, it is a celebration of self, an outward expression of embracing brands that help reflect the buyer's personality. However, when people get sick, they are not themselves. Illnesses fundamentally alter the way a sick person behaves and makes buying decisions. With healthcare brands, it is not a celebration of self, but rather a protection of self.

"What we all expect from a healthcare brand is to help us return to a state of normalcy, in other words, an 'unsick' state, as much and as quickly as possible given a particular disease or condition," Mr. Parry says. "You want to resume your pre-sickness life

Pfizer Uses Twitter to Create a Brand Identity

How Do You Want to Get Old?

In an effort to create relationships with the baby-boomer generation, Pfizer has relaunched its Get Old campaign by adding a Twitter hashtag and using other digital media channels. The campaign seeks to challenge boomers and people of all ages to think about aging. Social and digital media channels allow for consumer engagement where these conversations are already happening. By the ongoing evolution of Get Old, Pfizer hopes to engage a wider audience and get people of all ages to have candid conversations around aging — and to make lasting changes in their own lives to age well.

"Social and digital media are powerful tools for engaging consumers, and boomers are one of the fastest-growing user groups online," says Sally Susman, corporate affairs at Pfizer. "Digital media platforms can have a tremendous impact on how people receive and share information related to their health as well as connect with online communities."

Pfizer refreshed the GetOld.com campaign by adding the hashtag #FOGO (Fear of Getting Old), as well as adding engaging new content, such as videos, blogs, and tools about healthy aging that use a mix of wit and wisdom to challenge misperceptions of aging and address consumers' fears of aging head on.

"We also encourage consumers to join the Get Old Facebook community or follow us on Twitter," she says.

For more information, visit facebook.com/GetOld or twitter.com/GetOld

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Branding

even if that resumption is not completely back to the levels before you became ill."

Healthcare brands must view the patient as a consumer who has become ill and seeks to restore essential aspects of self that illness has compromised.

"So in today's consumer-driven marketing environment, the brands that recognize and reflect that a 'resumer model' is the goal of positioning will thrive much better than brands that still believe they are positioning to a traditional consumer model," Mr. Parry says.

Branding Challenges

Marketers are always challenged to deliver the right message, at the right time, to the right audience. Understanding the best con-

Team Novo Nordisk: Changing Diabetes, Creating a Brand



Novo Nordisk is using social media and real patients to create a brand identity that illustrates its mission to change the way patients live with diabetes. The diabetes treatment maker sponsors a men's cycling team, a women's cycling team, and an Ironman team — whose members conquered living with diabetes through lifestyle changes and treatment.

According to the drugmaker's European website, Team Novo Nordisk's mission is to inspire, educate, and empower people affected by diabetes. The Type 2 diabetes athletes cycle, swim, and run competitively, and maintain a proper diet and diabetes management to stay healthy and active. Acting as ambassadors and role models for other patients, they share their experiences on the site and other social media channels.

Team members include a young mother struggling to balance the needs of family and managing her disease; a man who has lost more than half his body weight through cycling; a senior citizen who is successfully and healthfully managing his disease by cycle racing.



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DARYL TRAVIS / Brandtrust

duits and communication strategies for achieving this result within budgetary restraints has always been and continues to be the greatest challenge to brands and brand marketers, Mr. Sirockman says.

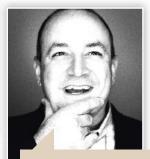
"However, patients must be addressed on their terms as they follow their own path to treatment and wellness," he says. "The days of generic messaging are gone. Custom educational communications with engaging and approachable content and design are the future."

Traditionally, marketing strategies have focused on identifying specific moments, or touch points, when a consumer's decision could be most influenced. One example of such a strategy would be the funnel approach, which is directed to consumers who have a number of potential brands in mind when considering a product or service. For that audience, the goal of the marketing effort is to lead those consumers through a process — the "funnel" — that methodically reduces the number of choices, ultimately leaving only a single brand choice. Today, however, the funnel concept fails to capture all of the touch points and factors that consumers now leverage in making their initial decision, and it doesn't address the motivation and process behind their adherence to that decision.

"Brands now need to position themselves more strategically through education in multiple formats as consumers take control and actively seek out and pull information helpful to them in making their purchasing decisions," Mr. Sirockman says.

Other challenges for the industry include grappling with the value of digital venues and, most importantly, integrating them with other, nondigital media. To date, these efforts are still very fragmented.

Mr. Parry says multiple agencies are still the norm for delivering the brand experience.



While product brands still play an important role in today's marketplace, a strong corporate brand is also required to aid in launch and adoption.

PAUL SCHRIMPF / Prophet

@prophetbrand

"Most of the time, clients are not getting the benefit of a unified brand experience, but rather a splintered one, with each agency putting forth initiatives that are — at best — not amortizing parallel initiatives, and — at worst — going off in different directions," he says. "The most successful brands have a branding strategy at the core: a central idea of the brand experience."

Agencies and salesforces delivering tactical solutions should all be guided by a branding strategy, not just communication and sales strategies. But unless there is a central branding authority, business will proceed as usual, and clients will over-spend on doing and redoing promotional plans.

"In today's noisy market, the healthcare brand that shouts with one, resounding voice will trump a chorus of inharmonious solo performers," Mr. Parry says.

A strong corporate brand and reputation go a long way toward helping companies manage a challenging landscape, Mr. Schrimpf says.

"This is what the future of pharmaceutical marketing looks like," he says. "In fact, it's already underway. In January 2013, Abbott Labs spun off AbbVie, a distinct corporate brand with a focus on patient-centric innovation."

According to Mr. Schrimpf, AbbVie is using its corporate brand to communicate how it is addressing serious health issues. It is investing in being experts and partners in areas such as hepatitis C, oncology, and renal disease.

"AbbVie is positioning itself around serious therapeutic areas in healthcare rather than a pipeline of drugs," Mr. Schrimpf says.



